Data Protection Impact Assessment Policy



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Related Policy/Procedure Documents	

In the case of hard copies of this policy the content can only be assured to be accurate on the date of issue marked on the document.

For assurance that the most up to date policy is being used, staff should refer to the version held on the intranet

Amendment History

Version	Status	Date	Reason for Change	Authorised
1.0	Final	April 2018	New	L Manolchev
2.0	Final	June 2021	Review	L Manolchev
2.1	Final	December 2023	Add Appendix4 – Data Privacy Impact Assessment for staff working abroad	L Manolchev
2.2	Final	October 2024	Initial review and extension to review date	L Manolchev

DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT POLICY

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1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. It is recognised that privacy is now a risk that needs to be professionally managed in line with any other data and information risks that an organisation holds. Kernow Health CIC (KHCIC) is committed to ensuring that where there are new services/systems being developed or a change to existing services/systems, the project from the very outset is monitored in relation to how personal data is accessed, processed and handled.
- 1.2. It is important to note that any collection, use or disclosure of personal information has the potential to have a risk to personal privacy. Sometimes those risks are not obvious and as a result it can be easy to overlook or not adequately address them.
- 1.3. KHCIC is committed to ensuring that all information it holds and processes is kept safe and secure and does not infringe on people's privacy. This includes, but is not limited to, people using KHCIC services and staff. KHCIC will adhere to best practice guidance and legislation such as the Data Protection Act 2018 and UK General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR).

2. **PURPOSE**

- This policy and procedure is designed to illustrate the approach that KHCIC is taking in regards to monitoring and assessing any changes to, or implementation of any new systems or services where collection or access to personal data is required. This will ensure that the organisation is meetings it's duties and obligations around data protection and ensuring that individual's privacy is protected.
- 2.2. A Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) will need to be carried out in the following instances:
 - using new technologies
 - the processing activity is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals, such as:
 - o systematic and extensive processing activities that have legal effects on individuals
 - large scale processing of special categories of data or personal data relating to criminal convictions
 - o a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale (CCTV)

3. SCOPE

- 3.1. This policy applies to any activity that Kernow Health CIC are undertaking which could lead to a creation of a new system, or an existing system being amended or removed that processes personal data, whether this is an electronic or paper-based system.
- 3.2. This policy and procedure will apply across the organisation where personal data is either accessed, managed or processed. All relevant projects must have a DPIA Screening or Assessment completed at an early stage (see Appendix 1 and 2).

4. **DEFINITIONS**

4.1. Data Protection Impact Assessment

A Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) is a process which helps to identify any risks to data protection and what mitigations can be put in place to minimise those risks.

4.2. Privacy

Privacy is more broadly defined as the right of an individual to be let alone. The ICO Code of Practice on Privacy Impact Assessment describes two main forms of privacy:

Physical privacy – the ability of the person to maintain their own physical space or solitude. Intrusion can come in the form of unwelcome searches of a person's home

- or personal possessions, bodily searches or other interference, acts of surveillance and the taking of biometric information.
- Informational privacy the ability of a person to control, edit, manage and delete information about themselves and to decide how and to what extent such information is communicated to others. Intrusion can come in the form of collection of excessive personal information, disclosure of personal information without consent and misuse of such information. This can include the collection of information through surveillance or monitoring of how people act in public or private spaces.

5. ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES

5.1. Chief Executive

The Chief Executive is responsible for maintaining privacy and confidentiality within the organisation.

5.2. Caldicott Guardian

The Caldicott Guardian is responsible for protecting the confidentiality of patient information and acts as the conscience of the organisation to ensure that patient identifiable information is used safely, kept secure and used for its intended purpose.

5.3. Senior Information Risk Owner

The Senior Information Risk Owner is responsible for ensuring that all risks have been identified in the DPIA and that there are mitigations in place to reduce those risks.

5.4. Data Protection Officer

The Data Protection Officer is responsible for providing advice and guidance on DPIA's and to ensure that where DPIA's are submitted that the project is has given due consideration to all aspects relating to data protection that does not infringe on an individual's privacy.

5.5. Information Governance Steering Group

The Information Governance Steering Group (IGSG) are responsible for reviewing the DPIA's and will either approve the DPIA or seek further clarification prior to approval.

5.6. Business & Quality Assurance Manager

The Business & Quality Assurance Manager is responsible for ensuring that DPIAs are in place for all systems where required and that DPIAs are presented to the IGSG for approval.

5.7. **Project Leads**

All Project Leads within the organisation are responsible for ensuring that DPIAs are carried out and presented to the IGSG, on all new projects and must be at the beginning of any project.

5.8. **Head of Digital**

The Head of Digital is responsible for assessing any IT security needs.

5.9. Line Managers

Line managers are responsible for:

- Ensuring any new process or system that contains handles or uses personal identifiable data has a DPIA conducted prior to implementation.
- Ensuring any new/changed processes, policies, procedures or office locations (including moves) are assessed using the DPIA to ensure confidential information is secure.

5.10. **All Staff**

All staff members are responsible for:

- Ensuring they alert either their line manager or the Business & Quality Assurance Manager to changes to process where personal identifiable data is used.
- Raise awareness where they think personal identifiable data is at risk.

6. STANDARDS AND PRACTICE

6.1. The enormous increases in the collection, storage, use and disclosure of personal data, and the imposition of many intrusive technologies, have caused increased concern about individual privacy.

Privacy risks fall into two categories.

- 1) Risks to the individual as a result of contravention of their rights in relation to privacy, or loss, damage, misuse or abuse of their personal information.
- 2) Risks to the organisation as a result of:
 - a. perceived harm to privacy
 - b. a failure to meet public expectations on the protection of personal information
 - c. retrospective imposition of regulatory conditions
 - d. the costs of redesigning or delaying a system
 - e. the collapse of a project or completed system
 - f. withdrawal of support from key supporting organisations due to perceived privacy harms; and/ or
 - g. failure to comply with the law, leading to:
 - i. enforcement action; or
 - ii. compensation claims from individuals.

6.2. Data Protection Impact Assessment

A DPIA is a systematic process for evaluating a proposal or project in terms of its impact upon privacy. A DPIA can assist in:

- Identifying potential issues and concerns on individual or group privacy
- Examining how detrimental effects may be overcome.
- Ensuring that new projects comply with privacy and data protection law and principals.
- Avoiding loss of trust and reputation.
- Avoiding unnecessary costs and inadequate solutions

A DPIA must be seen as a separate process from compliance checking or data protection audit processes.

6.3. The Process

The following steps will assist in preparing and conducting a DPIA:

Identifying the need for a DPIA.

The need for a DPIA can be identified as part of an organisation's usual project management process or by using the screening questions in Appendix 1 of this policy.

Describing the Process.

Describe the processing of the project. Explain what information is used, what it is used for, who it is obtained from and disclosed to, who will have access, and any other necessary information.

Consultation

When completing a DPIA it may be advantageous to liaise with others, for example, the wider project group, Caldicott Guardian, Data Protection Officer, Senior Information Risk Owner. This will ensure due consideration has been given when looking at protecting data.

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Assess Necessity and Proportionality

DPIAs must consider the reasons why the data is needed, what is needed and who will have access to this data. Consideration needs to be given as to whether the data being captured is proportionate.

Identifying and Assessing Risks

Identify what the risks are to people's privacy and assess the impacts of these risks. Some will be risks to individuals – for example damage caused by inaccurate data or a security breach or upset caused by an unnecessary intrusion on privacy.

Some risks will be to the organisation - for example damage to reputation, or the financial costs of a data breach. Legal compliance risks include the Data Protection Act 2018, General Data Protection Regulations, Privacy and Electronic Communications Regulations (PECR), and the Human Rights Act.

Identifying Measures to Mitigate Risk

Explain mitigations that could be put in place to reduce or possibly eliminate the risk. There may be occasions where the risk needs to be accepted.

Signing Off and Recording the DPIA Outcomes.

All DPIA's must be submitted to the Business and Quality Assurance Manager for discussion at IGSG. Outcomes and decisions will be recorded at this meeting and fed-back to the DPIA author. Where further clarification has been requested this ust be presented at the next IGSG.

Should the DPIA be refused then the project is not able to go ahead.

Integrating the DPIA Outcomes Back into the Project Plan.

The DPIA findings and actions should be integrated within the project plan. It might be necessary to return to the DPIA at various stages of the project's development and implementation.

Review

Large projects are more likely to benefit from a more formal review process. A DPIA might generate actions which will continue after the assessment has finished and as such these actions and the DPIA need to be monitored and reviewed regularly.

7. MONITORING & COMPLIANCE

7.1. The IGSG will review and authorise all DPIA's prior to implementation of any project to ensure compliance with this policy.

8. DISSEMINATION & IMPLEMENTATION

- 8.1. A copy of the policy will be stored electronically on the shared drive and on the staff pages on the KHCIC website.
- 8.2. Staff will be made aware of this policy through bulletins

9. EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

9.1. An initial equality impact assessment has been carried out and there are no differential impacts identified on any of the protected characteristics. Therefore a full equality impact assessment is not required.

Appendix 1 – Initial Equality Impact Assessment

Name of strategy/ policy/ proposal/ service function to be assessed:	Data Protection Impact Assessment Policy
Service Area:	Governance
Is this a new or existing strategy/ policy/ proposal/ service?	Existing
Name of individual(s) completing assessment:	L Manolchev
Date:	27 th May 2021

1) Policy aim Who is the strategy/ policy/ proposal/ service function aimed at?	The aim of the policy is to ensure that where a new service/system or changes to existing systems and services, that there is an impact assessment carried out to ensure that the data being collected is being collected appropriately and is not deemed to be intrusive. This is also to ensure that KHCIC meets its legal obligations under data protection legislation and guidance when it comes to managing people's personal information.				
2) Policy objectives	To have a framework in place for all projects being undertaken to ensure that data protection is at the forefront of any implementation of services/systems/access to systems				
3) Policy – Intended Outcomes	 Protection of people's personal information Meeting requirements set out in data legislation and guidance 				
4) How will you measure the outcome?	Monitoring number of data protection impact assessments (DPIA) completed				
5) Who is intended to benefit from the strategy/ policy/ proposal/ service function?	 Patients and staff will benefit as it will ensure that there is a system in to place that reviews how information is being processed when new systems or changes have been proposed to ensure that their information is protected KHCIC will benefit as it will ensure that the organisation is meeting it's legal duties and responsibilities 				
6a) Who did you consult with?	Workforce	Patients	Local Groups	Ext. Organisations	Other
6b) Please identify the groups who have been consulted about this strategy/ policy/ proposal/ service function? Please records specific names of groups	None				

	_		. . 17		
7) What was the o	utcom	e of the	N/a		
Consultation:					
(a) The leaves of					
8) The Impact					
Are there any conce	rne tha	t tha fu	action hair	ng assessed could have differential impact	
on:	ilis ilia	t til e tul	iction bei	ig assessed <u>codid</u> have differential impact	
Equality Strands:	Yes	No	Unsure	Rationale for Assessment/ Existing	
				Evidence	
Age		✓			
Sex (male, female,		✓			
trans- gender/					
gender					
reassignment) Race/ Ethnic	 	√			
Communities/		*			
Groups					
Disability –		√			
Learning disability,					
physical					
impairment,					
sensory					
impairment,					
mental health					
conditions and					
some long term					
health conditions					
Religion/ Other		✓			
Beliefs		√			
Marriage and Civil		'			
Partnerships					
Pregnancy &		√			
Maternity					
Sexual		✓			
Orientation –					
Bisexual, Gay,					
Heterosexual,					
Lesbian					
			–		
				ality Impact Assessment if the	
following have be	_	_			
You have tic			•		
 No consultation or evidence of there being consultation- this <u>excludes</u> any policies which have been identified as not requiring consultation. or 					
				• =	
Major this relates to service redesign or development					

9) Please indicate if a full equality analysis is Yes No recommended 10) If you are not recommending a Full Impact Assessment please explain why.

There have been no differential impacts identified on any of the protected characteristics and as such a full equality impact assessment is not required.

Sign Off	
Group/ Committee sign off:	Information Governance Steering Group
Date signed off:	08/06/2021

Appendix 2 – DPIA Checklist Data Protection Impact Assessment Checklist

This Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) Checklist is to be used where a new or change to a system or service is proposed that uses personal information. If any of the questions below are a yes then a full DPIA is required.

Name of Service/System/Project	
Name of Person Completing	
Date Completed	

Question	Yes/No	Comments
Is it a significant piece of work		
affecting how services/operations are		
currently provided?		
Will the project require the collecting		
of new data about people?		
Will the project involve combining		
anonymised data sources in a way to a risk that individuals may be		
identified?		
Will the project include combining		
datasets from different processing		
operations or data controllers in a way		
which would exceed the reasonable		
expectations of the individuals?		
Is data being processed on a large		
scale?		
Will the project compel individuals to		
provide information about themselves?		
Will information about individuals be		
disclosed to organisations or people		
who have NOT previously had routine		
access to the information		
Will the information be transferred		
outside the EEA		
Is the information about individuals to		
be used for a purpose its not currently		
used for, or in a way its not currently used?		
Will information about children under		
the age of 16 or other vulnerable		
persons be collected or otherwise		
processed?		
Will new technology be used which		
might be seen as privacy intrusive		
(e.g. tracking, surveillance,		
observation or monitoring software, capture of image, video, or audio or		
location)		
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Is monitoring or tracking or profiling of	
individuals taking place?	
Is data being used for automated	
decision making with legal or similar	
significant effect?	
Is data being collected for Special	
category use?	

Appendix 3 - DPIA Template

Data Protection Impact Assessment

This Privacy Impact Assessment form should be completed as part of the business case for all new information systems and processes which involve the use of personal sensitive data or business sensitive data or a change that will significantly amend the way in which personal sensitive data or business sensitive data is handled.

GE	NERAL OVERVIEW	
1)	Name of process/system/service	
2)	Is this a new process/system/service or change?	
3)	Responsible Lead	
4)	Have key stakeholders been identified and informed?	e.g. Data Protection Officer, Caldicott Guardian, SIRO
5)	What is the project purpose?	Aims/Objectives
6)	What are the main activities for the project?	List main activities
7)	What are the intended outcomes?	List outcomes
8)	Does the planning documentation include all of the purposes for processing the data?	Identify what planning documentation
SU	PPLIER OVERVIEW	
9)	Name of system supplier	
10)	Supplier's registered address	
11)	Is the supplier registered with the ICO? If so, please provide registration details	ICO registration
12)	Has the supplier completed the Data Security Protection Toolkit (DSP) and if so, have the standards been met?	Provide link or screen print that standards have been met
13)	Has the supplier implemented ISO27001 or Cyber Essential Plus? If so, please provide copy of certification.	If applicable insert certificate
14)	Protection Act and Freedom of Information Act sections? If so, please provide a copy of those sections.	Insert sections or insert file with appropriate sections (not the whole contract)
15)	What training will be given to users of the system?	Provide summary of training, who will receive, timescales
INI	FORMATION ASSET REGISTER	
16) Who is the information asset owner?		
17)	How long has the information been in use?	Confirm if already processing data how long for
DA	TA PROCESSING	
		Employees

18) Who is the information being processed about?	Patients
about?	Students
	Partner business or organisations
	Other:
19) What are the data classes that will be held on the system	Personal sensitive details (name, address, postcode, date of birth, NHS
,	Number) Family, lifestyle and social
	circumstances (marital status,
	housing, travel, leisure activities,
	membership, charities)
	Education and training details (qualification or certifications, training
	records)
	Employment details (career history, recruitment and termination details,
	attendance details, appraisals)
	Financial details (income, salary,
	assets, investments, payments etc)
	Criminal proceedings, outcomes and sentences
	Goods or services (contracts,
	licenses, agreements etc)
	Racial or ethnic origin
	Religious or other beliefs of a similar nature
	Political opinions
	Physical or mental health conditions
	Offences including alleged offences
	Sexual health
	Trade union membership
20) Will this system include data which was not previously collected? If yes have you amended existing privacy notices?	Provide what additional information. Include privacy notices.
21) What checks have been made	Provide information on why it is needed,
regarding the adequacy, relevance and necessity of data used?	ensuring that what is being collected is relevant and necessary
22) Are you transferring any personal or	Describe information flows, who will be
sensitive data to a country outside the European Economic Area (EEA)?	holding the information, and where this will be stored
TECHNOLOGY	
23) Can the system use pseudonyms or	
work on anonymous data?	
24) Is the use of Cloud technology being used or considered? If yes, provide the data centre location:	

25) Does the cloud hosting data centre(s)	
meet tier-x standards?	
26) How will we be alerted to any possible	
cloud system breaches?	
27) Does the system include new	
technology that might be perceived as	
intrusive? (the use of biometrics or	
facial recognition etc) 28) Will the system require access to	
KHCIC network? If yes how are IT	
managing this?	
PRIVACY CONSENT	
29) Is there a legal basis for holding and	Consent (the individual has given clear
processing the data?	consent for you to process their
	personal data for a specific purpose)
	Contract (the processing is necessary
	for a contract you have with the individual, or because they have asked
	you to take specific steps before
	entering into a contract)
	Legal obligation (the processing is
	necessary for you to comply with the
	law (not including contractual
	obligations))
	Vital interests (the processing is
	necessary to protect someone's life)
	Public task (the processing is
	necessary for you to perform a task in
	the public interest or for your official
	functions, and the task or function has
	a clear basis in law)
	Legitimate interests (the processing
	is necessary for your legitimate
	interests or the legitimate interests of a
	third party, unless there is a good reason to protect the individual's
	personal data which overrides those
	legitimate interests. (This cannot apply
	if you are a public authority processing
	data to perform your official tasks.))
30) Do you require the data subjects	
consent to process or hold the data?	
31) Can the data subjects opt-out of their	If no why?
data being processed?	
32) If opt-out available, how will this be	
managed?	Llow in this hains mublished and others?
33) Is the opt-out widely publicised?	How is this being publicised and where?
34) How will you tell the data subjects about	Is this through leaflet/ privacy notice. Where
the use of their data?	will this be?
35) Have you assessed the likelihood of the	Note if there are any risks and what is being
use of the data causing unwarranted	done to reduce impacts
distress, harm or damage to data	
subjects concerned?	

OOL Harran and the Pharma and the	Mata Sthamanana and whater and other the basin or
36) Have you assessed the likelihood of the	Note if there are any risks and what is being
loss or damage of the data causing	done to reduce impacts
distress, harm or damage to data subjects concerned?	
37) Could the project result in making	If it does have impact, what would they be?
decisions and or taking action against	I'll does have impact, what would they be:
the data subjects in ways that can have	
a significant impact on them?	
ACCESS	
38) Who will use the system and have	List job roles
access to the data?	2.00.7000
39) What training have users had in patient	List any training that might be required,
confidentiality?	policies in place etc.
40) How will the users access and amend	
data?	
41) Is there a usable audit trail in place for	
the information asset?	
42) How often will the system be audited?	
DATA STORAGE	
	State location
43) Where will the data be stored?	State location
44) Could the system change the way data	
is stored?	
45) Which format will the data be stored in?	Electronic
	Paper
	Verbal
	Other:
DATA SHARING	
46) Will the data be shared with any other	List who it will be shared with and what
organisations?	information will be shared
47) How will the data be shared?	
48) Are there any Information Sharing	
Agreements or protocols in place?	
DATA SECURITY	
49) What security measures have been	
undertaken to protect the data?	
50) What business continuity plans are in	
place in case of data loss or damage? (As a result of human error, virus,	
network failure, theft, fire, floods etc.)	
DATA QUALITY	
51) Who provides the information for asset?	
, ,	
52) Who inputs the data into the system?	List job roles/teams
	1

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53) How will the information be kept up-to-date and checked for accuracy and completeness?	
54) Can an individual (or a court) request amendments or deletion of data from the system?	
ONGOING USE OF DATA	
55) Will the project interfere with the privacy under article 8 of the Human Rights Act?	
56) Will the data be used to send direct marketing messages?	
57) If direct marketing messages will be sent, are consent and opt-out procedures in place?	
58) Does the system change the medium disclosure of publicity available information?	
59) Will the system make data more readily accessible than before?	
60) What is the data retention period for this data? (The retention schedules set out in the Records Management NHS Code of Practice.)	
61) How will the data be destroyed when it is no longer required?	
FORM COMPLETED BY:	
Name:	
Job Role:	
Date Completed	
IGSG DECISION AND SIGN OFF	
Meeting Date:	
Comments	
Decision	

Data Privacy Impact Assessment

Kernow Health CIC
Staff Working Abroad Assessment.

Date:

Section 1: Project/System background (Template is version 1.0.)

Non-UK Based Access Request		

Contacts	Business/Operational lead	KHCIC Digital lead	IG Lead	Human Resources Lead	Data Protection Officer
Name	Joseph St-Leger-Francis	John Ball	Dr Andrew Craze	Angela Cavanagh	Laura Manolchev
Role	Associate Director of Integrated Urgent Care	Head of Digital	Information Governance Lead	Head of HR	Data Protection Officer
Email	Josephfrancis@nhs.net	John.ball@nhs.net	Andrew.craze@nhs.net	Angela.cavanagh5@nhs.net	laura.manolchev@nhs.net
Phone		07452823863		01872 255755	

Is this in the EU or a country with an adequacy status, if so which? (GREEN)
Andorra 🗆 Argentina 🗆 Austria 🗆 Belgium 🗆 Bulgaria 🗆 Canada 🗀 Croatia 🗀 Cyprus 🗀 Czech Rep 🗀 Denmark 🗀
Estonia 🗆 Faroe Islands 🗆 Finland 🗅 France 🗀 Germany 🗀 Gibraltar 🗀 Greece 🗀 Guernsey 🗀 Hungary 🗀 Iceland 🗅
Ireland □ Isle of Man □ <mark>Israel* □</mark> Japan □ Jersey □ Latvia □ Liechtenstein □ Lithuania □ Luxembourg □ Malta □
Netherlands 🗆 New Zealand 🗀 Norway 🗀 Poland 🗀 Portugal 🗀 Romania 🗀 Slovakia 🗀 Slovenia 🗀 Spain 🗀 Sweden 🗀
Switzerland Uruguay
Is it one of the following countries? If one of the selections below access will not be permitted. (RED)

China		North Korea		Russia		Colombia		Cuba	Morocco	Farmt	☐ Syria		Iran		Pakistan	
										Egypt	-					ш
India		Bhutan		Kazakhstan	Ш	Syria		Vietnam	Belarus	Libya	☐ Ukrain	е⊔	Hong	Kong	; ப	
Other	approve	ed countries (AN	/IBER)	- but still red	juire (checking bef	ore a	pproval.								
Brazil	Aust	ralia USA														
If none	of the	above, which Co	untry	?												
What 9	Specialit	y is this activity	for?													
What i	s the Bu	ısiness justificati	ion?													
Period	to be co	overed														
Perma	nent															
Fixed/S	Short Te	erm – Give detail	s of st	art and finish	dates	5:										
Δnnroy	val revie	ew required														
Дрио	vai i c vic	required														
Date o	f review	:														

Approved by:
Other required approvals
HR Yes \(\simega \text{No} \simega \text{N/A} \square \(\square \text{N} \)
Payroll Yes \(\square\) No \(\square\) N/A \(\square\)
Medical staffing Yes □ No □ N/A □
Medical Director Yes □ No □ N/A □
Caldicott Guardian Yes No N/A
Has independent level advice been provided?
Has independent legal advice been provided?
Yes No No
Who provided advice:
What was the outcome?:
Please Attach supporting documentation
What software are they requesting access to?
Adastra MAXIMS E-Notes PACS OneDrive NHSMAIL Sharepoint Shared-Drive Collaborate softphone Office
365 □ GoodSam □ DCCR □ Rotamaster □ Bluestream □ Strata □ ICE □ Other □, please specify:
Have the IAO approved this access Yes D No D

CITs assessment of risk based on country (to b	e reque	ested	via IT)	
Details:				
Potential outcomes of KHCIC staff working ab	oroad (co	ountr	y relat	red)
Bodily Harm ☐ Loss of liberty or freedom	☐ Dar	mage	to ear	ning /financial loss $\ \square$ Reputational harm $\ \square$ Interception $\ \square$ Privacy Risk $\ \square$
Identity theft Risk of fine from ICO		s of d		□ None □
If own device : Appropriate protection of devi	ice to in	clude	: NA	
Supported Operating System (in support)	Anti-V	irus	□ Se	curity patches applied $\ \square$ Password protected to current password policies $\ \square$
Display screen risk assessment completed	Yes		No	
Overseas workers contract signed	Yes		No	
Confirmation the following Policies have been	read a	nd un	dersto	od:
Email Policy	Yes		No	
Information Use Framework Policy	Yes		No	
Acceptable Use Policy	Yes		No	
IT Security Policy	Yes		No	

Mandatory Training completed Yes No Induction has been attended. Yes No Will the project/system collect/store/process personal identifiable information about patients, staff or other people working for RCHT Section 2: The data What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Manage recruitment Manage amployment Manage payments Manage											
Will the project/system collect/store/process personal identifiable information about patients, staff or other people working for RCHT Section 2: The data What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Manage recruitment Manage employment Manage employment Manage payments Manage pay	Mandatory Training completed Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Induction has been attended.										
Will the project/system collect/store/process personal identifiable information about patients, staff or other people working for RCHT Section 2: The data What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Manage recruitment Manage employment Manage employment Manage employment Manage employment Manage payments Manage											
about patients, staff or other people working for RCHT Section 2: The data What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Manage recruitment Clinical audit or service improvement Research Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Business Continuity Support Direct healthcare Support management of service improvement Manage employment Clinical audit or service improvement Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff.			Yes	No							
Section 2: The data What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Manage recruitment Manage employment				If no, a DPIA is	not r	equired.					
What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Support Direct healthcare	about patients, staff or other people working for RCHT										
What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option Support Direct healthcare											
Manage recruitment Manage employment	Section 2: The data										
Manage recruitment Manage employment Clinical audit or service improvement Manage payments Research No Notes Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff.	What is the primary reason for processing data? Select one option	Suppo	ort Direc	t health	care		Support management of				
Clinical audit or service improvement Research Yes No Notes Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff.							services and systems				
improvement Research Yes No Notes Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff.		Mana	age recri	uitment			Manage employment				
Research					ce		Manage payments				
Yes No Notes Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Business Continuity Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff.		impro	vement								
Is there a clear justification for the new data handling, is this clear and is it made known to the data subjects? Provision of healthcare services by RCHT staff. Business Continuity		Resea	Research								
it made known to the data subjects? Business Continuity		Yes	No	Notes	5						
Business Continuity				Provi	sion of healthcare services by RCHT staff.						
	it made known to the data subjects?										
			•	•							
Have plans been created to support business as usual if technical issues Details:	Business Continuity										
prevent clinical activity?	· ·	Details:									

Section 4: Rights of data subjects

Individuals need to be told how their information is processed. Have	Yes	No	
processes been implemented to ensure patients are aware of the location of the clinician holding the consultation?			

Section 5: Legal basis for processing

What is the legal basis for processing the information?	Yes	No	Notes -select one
Processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested the controller			(will be appropriate choice for healthcare provision)
Explicit consent If yes, describe how consent will be sought and recorded and attach copies of any consent forms. Individuals must be able to withdraw consent for processing, so describe how they will be able to do so.			Before consultation starts consent will be obtained
What is the legal basis for processing Special Category Data?			Select one.
the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those personal data for one or more specified purposes			Before consultation starts consent will be obtained
Medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care system			(Will be appropriate choice for healthcare provision)
Processing is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, such as protecting against serious cross-border threats to health or			

ensuring high standards of quality and safety of health care and of medicinal products or medical devices		
Scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes		

Section 7 – Privacy issues/risks identified

Ref.	Risk	Consequence(s)		ratii	ng	Mitigation/Recommended Actions		k rat er tigat		
Tusic Consequence(s)			Likelihood		Risk score			Consequence	Risk score	Status
PR01	Risk that software does not work in staff's host country	Unable to provide contracted services	2	3	6	CITS built laptop has been tested for requested applications. Local continuity plan to rebook patients to next available clinic if connection is unavailable.	2 Likelihood	3	6	Open
PR02	CITS Laptop/PC is lost/stolen/confiscated by law enforcement	Loss of Trust provided equipment - financial loss	2	1	2	Financial risk only	2	1	2	Open
PRO3	Laptop/PC is compromised/stolen	Potential for data breach	2	4	8	If CITSPC there will be appropriate safeguards to ensure information is secure and encrypted.	2	4	8	Open

Ref.	Risk		Risk rating now		ng	Mitigation/Recommended Actions		k rat er tigati		
			Likelihood	Consequence	Risk score			Consequence	Risk score	Status
PRO4	Lack of understanding of UK Law and Trust Policy Training	Could lead to a breach of confidentiality and a fine from the ICO	3	4	12	Attend induction training and confirm they have read the appropriate Trust policies,	2	4		Open

SEE BELOW FOR CIT'S RISK ASSESSMENT

(808) But Key controls currently in place Year Year Year Year Year Year Year Yea	Identified gaps in control.	Likelihood (current)	Consequence (current)	Rating	Date Risk Identified	Risk Domain	Action	Action Owner	Due date	Likelihood (Target)	Consequence (Target)	Rating (Target)
The use of a CITS built and configured device. The device is configured with the following protections: - Encrypted remote access (data is protected against interception in transit) - Full disk encryption - Patch management (including updating, monitoring and reporting) - Antivirus	The device may be intercepted at customs if it breaches local laws (e.g. encryption) or device could be later confiscated unless access is provided. This would result in a financial loss of the device and not an ICO fine under breach of the DPA/NIS Regulations.	2	2		4		Consideration of the use of the CITRIX Portal and VDI solution.					
- Device is protected by organisations password policy and 2 factor authentication. - Access to known malicious or inappropriate websites is restricted - Access to cloud based storage is blocked by default (unless authorised) - Application control applied (only authorised software can be installed) - Windows client firewall enabled - Threat detection, monitoring and audit capabilities (via Microsoft Defender MDE, Certero	The device may require a CITS engineer to provide physical support (e.g. hardware failure).	1	. 2		3		The device will need to be couriered to the UK for repair resulting in a break in service provision. A replacement device could be shipped once confirmation of despatch has been received to minimise the period of disruption.					
The use the staff members personally owned device to connect to the organisation using the CITS CITRIX remote access Portal and Virtual Desktop Interface (VDI). This remote access solution creates a secure 'window' into the Cornwall Health Organisations (RCHT, CFT, CIOSICB, etc.) network, protections include: - Encrypted remote access (data is protected against interception in transit) - all information accessed via the portal is processed within the organisation (no data	Cannot control the mandatory security that should be applied to protect the endpoint device, such as: - Cannot enforce encryption for mobile devices - Applying critical patches within NHS Digital timescales. - Anti Virus - Access control (password settings, other members of household, etc.) - Installation of unauthorised software	2	5	1	D		Contract of employment to enforce the following mandatory security protections: - Device must be running a supported operating system with automatic updates enabled. - AntiVirus installed and kept up to date - Password on the deice must be aligned to the organisations			1 5	5	
physically leaves the network) - Access to the CHO network will require 2 factor authentication	Unable to apply technical control to restrict the use NHS Digital facilities delivered via the web such as NHSmail, MS Teams, etc. being accessed directly and not via the CITRIX Portal - This would lead to an involuntary transfer of information to a potentially unprotected device. As an example, if NHSmail is accessed directly via the web browser, then any attachment	2	5	1	D D		Contract of employment to enforce the use of CITRIX Portal and VDI access to all NHS services (National and organisational applications and services)			1 5	5	
	viewed is downloaded directly to the device and could be accessible to anyone who has Cannot guarantee all required applications can be delivered via the CITRIX Portal and VDI environment. CITS unable to provide any remote support -	2	1		22		Not suitable for overseas employment if CITS provided device is not suitable.					
	staff member will be required to use local IT support facilities (these may not be bound by the same data protection laws and regulations applied to UK companies)											

SOLUTIONS.

Section 7 – Approval and recommendations [TO BE ACTIONED BY THE INFORMATION GOVERNANCE TEAM]

This DPIA is			
APPROVED			
CONDITIONALLY APPROVED (PENDING THE COMPLETION OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS)	Not applicable		
REJECTED (FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS)	Not applicable		
Caldicott Guardian/SIRO name/signature		Date	

Final Check List: Have we considered?
□ We consider data protection issues as part of the design and implementation of systems, services, products and business practices.
□ We make data protection an essential component of the core functionality of our processing systems and services.
□ We anticipate risks and privacy-invasive events before they occur, and take steps to prevent harm to individuals.
☐ We only process the personal data that we need for our purposes(s), and that we only use the data for those purposes.
□ We ensure that personal data is automatically protected in any IT system, service, product, and/or business practice, so that individuals should not have to take any specific action to protect their privacy.
□ We provide the identity and contact information of those responsible for data protection both within our organisation and to individuals.
□ We adopt a 'plain language' policy for any public documents so that individuals easily understand what we are doing with their personal data.
☐ We provide individuals with tools so they can determine how we are using their personal data, and whether our policies are being properly enforced.
☐ We offer strong privacy defaults, user-friendly options and controls, and respect user preferences.
☐ We only use data processors that provide sufficient guarantees of their technical and organisational measures for data protection by design.
□ When we use other systems, services or products in our processing activities, we make sure that we only use those whose designers and manufacturers take data protection issues into account.

We use privacy-enhancing technologies (PETs) to assist us in complying with our data protection by design obligations	